

Contribution ID: 46

Type: not specified

Astrometric and photometric standard candidates for the upcoming 4-m ILMT survey

The International Liquid Mirror Telescope (ILMT) is a 4-meter class survey telescope that has recently achieved first light and is expected to swing into full operations by 1st January 2023. It scans the sky in a fixed 22' wide strip centered at the declination of 29°21'41'' and works in Time Delay Integration (TDI) mode. We present a full catalog of sources in the ILMT strip that can serve as astrometric calibrators. The characteristics of the sources for astrometric calibration are extracted from Gaia EDR3 as it provides a very precise measurement of astrometric properties such as RA (α), Dec (δ), parallax (π), and proper motions ($\mu\alpha * \& \mu\delta$). We have crossmatched the Gaia EDR3 with SDSS DR17 and PanSTARRS-1 (PS1) and supplemented the catalog with apparent magnitudes of these sources in g, r, and i filters. We also present a catalog of spectroscopically confirmed white dwarfs with SDSS magnitudes that may serve as photometric calibrators. The catalogs generated are stored in a SQLite database for query-based access. We also report the offsets in equatorial positions compared to Gaia for an astrometrically calibrated TDI frame observed with the ILMT.

Presentation type

Poster

Primary authors: DUKIYA, Naveen (ARIES Nainital); Mrs MISRA, Kuntal (ARIES, Nainital); Mr PRADHAN, Bikram (ISRO Headquarters)

Co-authors: Ms AILAWADHI, Bhavya (ARIES, Nainital); Mr KUMAR, Brajesh (ARIES, Nainital); Mr NEGI, Vibhore (ARIES, Nainital); Mr HICKSON, Paul (Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of British Columbia); Mr SURDEJ, Jean (Space sciences, Technologies and Astrophysics Research (STAR) Institute, Universit é de Li^éege)

Presenter: DUKIYA, Naveen (ARIES Nainital)